Version: N°1 (10/02/2024) CONDOR FOTO SAS

COBWEB EFFECT Item 01605

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date: 10/02/2024 Page 1/11

Revision: N°1 (10/02/2024

(REACH regulation UE 2020/878)

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product name: COBWEB EFFECT

Product code: 01605.

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

For professional users only.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name: CONDOR FOTO SAS Address: Via Prinetti, 32 – 20127 MILAN / ITALY Telephone: +39 02 26110946 Fax: +39 02 26147831

condor@condor-foto.it
http://www.condor-foto.it

1.4. Emergency telephone number: +39 02/66101029.

Association/Organisation: Poison center Hospital Niguarda (Milano).

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

In compliance with UE 2020/878 and its amendments.

Aerosol, Category 1 (Aerosol 1, H222 - H229).

Skin irritation, Category 2 (Skin Irrit. 2, H315).

Eye irritation, Category 2 (Eye Irrit. 2, H319).

Carcinogenicity, Category 2 (Carc. 2, H351).

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Category 3 (STOT SE 3, H335).

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Category 3 (STOT SE 3, H336).

This mixture does not present an environmental hazard. No known or foreseeable environmental damage under standard conditions of use.

2.2. Label elements

Mixture for aerosol application.

In compliance with UE 2020/878 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms:

GHS07 GHS08 GHS02

Signal Word : DANGER

Product identifiers:

EC 200-838-9 DICHLOROMETHANE

Hazard statements:

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer .

Precautionary statements - Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

Version: N°1 (10/02/2024) CONDOR FOTO SAS

COBWEB EFFECT Item 01605

Date: 10/02/2024 Page 2/11

Revision: N°1 (10/02/2024

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P261 Avoid breathing spray.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Precautionary statements - Storage:

P403 Store in a well-ventilated place.

P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.

Precautionary statements - Disposal:

P501 Dispose of container to an approved waste disposal plant.

2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) >= 0.1% published by the European CHemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 57 of REACH: http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table

The mixture satisfies neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

Intentional misuse of the preparation by concentrating and inhaling the vapours can be harmful or fatal.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

Composition:

Identification	(EC) 1272/2008	Note	%
INDEX: 602_004_00_3	GHS07, GHS08	[1]	50 <= x % < 100
CAS: 75-09-2	Wng	[2]	
EC: 200-838-9	Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
REACH: 01-2119480404-41	Eye Irrit. 2, H319		
	STOT SE 3, H335		
DICHLOROMETHANE	STOT SE 3, H336		
	Carc. 2, H351		
INDEX: 601-004-00-0	GHS02, GHS04	С	2.5 <= x % < 10
CAS: 106-97-8	Dgr	[1]	
EC: 203-448-7	Flam. Gas 1, H220	[7]	
REACH: 01-2119474691-32			
BUTANE (< 0,1 % 1,3-BUTADIENE)			
INDEX: 601-004-00-0	GHS02, GHS04	С	2.5 <= x % < 10
CAS: 75-28-5	Dgr	[1]	
EC: 200-857-2	Flam. Gas 1, H220	[7]	
REACH: 01-2119474691-32			
ISOBUTANE			
INDEX: 601-003-00-5	GHS02, GHS04	[1]	2.5 <= x % < 10
CAS: 74-98-6	Dgr	[7]	
EC: 200-827-9	Flam. Gas 1, H220		
REACH: 01-2119486944-21			
PROPANE			

Information on ingredients:

- [7] Propellant gas
- [1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.
- [2] Carcinogenic, mutagenic or reprotoxic (CMR) substance.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In the event of exposure by inhalation:

In the event of massive inhalation, remove the person exposed to fresh air. Keep warm and at rest.

In the event of splashes or contact with eyes:

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

If there is any redness, pain or visual impairment, consult an ophthalmologist.

Version: N°1 (10/02/2024) CONDOR FOTO SAS

COBWEB EFFECT Item 01605

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Date: 10/02/2024 Page 3/11

Revision: N°1 (10/02/2024

In the event of splashes or contact with skin:

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

If the contaminated area is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital.

Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In the event of swallowing:

Do not give the patient anything orally.

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor.

Keep the person exposed at rest. Do not force vomiting.

Seek medical attention immediately, showing the label.

If swallowed accidentally, call a doctor to ascertain whether observation and hospital care will be necessary. Show the label.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See section 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label if possible). If symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable.

Chemical powders, carbon dioxide and other extinguishing gas are suitable for small fires.

5.1. Extinguishing media

If the aerosols are exposed to a fire: keep containers cool by spraying with water from a protected position.

Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use:

- sprayed water or water mist
- water with AFFF (Aqueous Film Forming Foam) additive

Prevent the effluent of fire-fighting measures from entering drains or waterways.

Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use:

- water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Fire-fighting personnel are to be equipped with autonomous insulating breathing apparatus.

If possible, stop the product stream. Spray from a protected position till the containers are cool. If possible, take the aerosols outside. Keep public on a distance.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

For non first aid worker

Because of the organic solvents contained in the mixture, eliminate sources of ignition and ventilate the area.

Avoid inhaling the vapors.

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

If a large quantity has been spilt, evacuate all personnel and only allow intervention by trained operators equipped with safety apparatus.

Version: N°1 (10/02/2024) CONDOR FOTO SAS

COBWEB EFFECT Item 01605

For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Date: 10/02/2024 Page 4/11

Revision: N°1 (10/02/2024

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Fire prevention:

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Vapours are heavier than air. They can spread along the ground and form mixtures that are explosive with air.

Prevent the formation of flammable or explosive concentrations in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits

Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Use the mixture in premises free of naked flames or other sources of ignition and ensure that electrical equipment is suitably protected.

Keep packages tightly closed and away from sources of heat, sparks and naked flames.

Do not use tools which may produce sparks. Do not smoke.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

Recommended equipment and procedures:

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Do not breathe in aerosols.

Avoid inhaling vapors.

Avoid inhaling vapors. Carry out any industrial operation which may give rise to this in a sealed apparatus.

Provide vapor extraction at the emission source and also general ventilation of the premises.

Also provide breathing apparatus for certain short tasks of an exceptional nature and for emergency interventions.

In all cases, recover emissions at source.

Avoid skin and eye contact with this mixture.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Packages which have been opened must be reclosed carefully and stored in an upright position.

Prohibited equipment and procedures:

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

Storage

Keep away from all sources of ignition - do not smoke.

Keep well away from all sources of ignition, heat and direct sunlight.

The floor must be impermeable and form a collecting basin so that, in the event of an accidental spillage, the liquid cannot spread beyond this area.

Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C .

Storage in a dry, frost-free and well ventilated place.

Packaging

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

COBWEB EFFECT Item 01605

Date: 10/02/2024 Page 5/11

Revision: N°1 (10/02/2024

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

106-97-8

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits:

- ACGIHTLV (American	Conference of Governmenta	l Industrial Hygienists	Threshold Limit Values	$2010) \cdot$

,			, ,	,	,	,
CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:	
75-09-2	50 ppm	-	-	-	-	
106-97-8	1000 ppm	-	-	-	-	
75-28-5	1000 ppm	-	-	-	-	
74-98-6	1000 ppm	-	-	-	-	
- Germany - AGW (BA	uA - TRGS 900	, 21/06/2010):				
CAS	VME:	VME:	Excess	Notes		
75-09-2	75 ml/m3	260 mg/m3	4 (II)	AGS		
106-97-8	1000 ml/m3	2400 mg/m3	4(II)	DFG		
75-28-5	1000 ml/m3	2400 mg/m3	4(II)	DFG		
74-98-6	1000 ml/m3	1800 mg/m3	4(II)	DFG		
- France (INRS - ED98	4:2008):					
CAS	VME-ppm:	VME-mg/m3:	VLE-ppm:	VLE- $mg/m3$:	Notes:	TMP No:
75-09-2	50	178	100	356	C2,*	12

- UK / WEL (Workplace exposure limits, EH40/2005, 2007):

800

CAS TWA: STEL: Ceiling: Definition: Criteria: 75-09-2 100 ppm 300 ppm - - -

106-97-8 600 ppm 750 ppm - - -

Derived no effect level (DNEL) or derived minimum effect level (DMEL):

1900

DICHLOROMETHANE (CAS: 75-09-2)

Final use:	Workers
Exposure method:	Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 4750 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term systemic effects.

DNEL: 706 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.
DNEL: 353 mg of substance/m3

Final use: Consumers.

Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 0.06 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 2395 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 88.3 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Version: N°1 (10/02/2024) CONDOR FOTO SAS

COBWEB EFFECT Item 01605

Date: 10/02/2024 Page 6/11

Revision: N°1 (10/02/2024

Potential health effects: Short term systemic effects.

DNEL: 353 mg of substance/m3

Predicted no effect concentration (PNEC):

DICHLOROMETHANE (CAS: 75-09-2)

Environmental compartment: Soil.

PNEC : 0.583 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Fresh water. PNEC: 0.54 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Sea water. PNEC: 0.194 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Intermittent waste water.

PNEC: 0.27 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water sediment.

PNEC : 4.47 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Marine sediment. PNEC: 1.61 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant.

PNEC: 26 mg/l

8.2. Exposure controls

Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

- Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles with protective sides accordance with standard EN166.

In the event of high danger, protect the face with a face shield.

Prescription glasses are not considered as protection.

Individuals wearing contact lenses should wear prescription glasses during work where they may be exposed to irritant vapours.

Provide eyewash stations in facilities where the product is handled constantly.

Do not spray in the direction of the eyes.

- Hand protection

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN374.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question: other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended:

- Butyl Rubber (Isobutylene-isoprene copolymer)

Recommended properties:

- Impervious gloves in accordance with standard EN374

Not necessary at efficient use. Wash your hands after contact with skin.

Body protection

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Suitable type of protective clothing:

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605 to prevent skin contact.

Version: N°1 (10/02/2024) CONDOR FOTO SAS

COBWEB EFFECT Item 01605

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034 to prevent skin contact.

Date: 10/02/2024 Page 7/11

Revision: N°1 (10/02/2024

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

Not necessary at efficient use. Wash skin that has been in contact with the product, with water and soap.

- Respiratory protection

Avoid breathing vapours.

If the ventilation is insufficient, wear appropriate breathing apparatus.

When workers are confronted with concentrations that are above occupational exposure limits, they must wear a suitable, approved, respiratory protection device.

Type of FFP mask:

Wear a disposable half-mask aerosol filter in accordance with standard EN149.

Category:

- FFP1

Anti-gas and vapour filter(s) (Combined filters) in accordance with standard EN14387:

- A1 (Brown)

Particle filter according to standard EN143:

- P1 (White)

Do not breathe spray. Use only in well-ventilated areas.

Exposure controls linked to environmental protection

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General information:

Physical state : Fluid liquid. Spray.

Color : Colourless, clear

Odour : Specific

Important health, safety and environmental information

Not relevant. Boiling point/boiling range: Not relevant. Not relevant. Vapour pressure (50°C): Density: 0.913 Water solubility: Insoluble. Melting point/melting range: Not relevant. Self-ignition temperature: Not relevant. Decomposition point/decomposition range: Not relevant. Chemical combustion heat: Not specified. Inflammation time: Not specified. Deflagration density: Not specified. Inflammation distance: Not specified. Flame height: Not specified. Flame duration: Not specified. < 0 °C Flash point:

Flammability: Extremely flammable

9.2. Other information

VOC (g/l): 810.74

COBWEB EFFECT Item 01605

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

When exposed to high temperatures, the mixture can release hazardous decomposition products, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, fumes and nitrogen oxide.

Date: 10/02/2024 Page 8/11

Revision: N°1 (10/02/2024

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Any apparatus likely to produce a flame or to have a metallic surface at high temperature (burners, electric arcs, furnaces etc.) must not be allowed on the premises.

Avoid:

- heat

Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Storage in a dry, frost-free and well ventilated place.

10.5. Incompatible materials

No materials known by which a dangerous reaction can appear.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

The product is stable. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Exposure to vapours from solvents in the mixture in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on kidney, liver and central nervous system.

Symptoms produced will include headaches, numbness, dizziness, fatigue, muscular asthenia and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

May cause irreversible damage to the skin; namely inflammation of the skin or the formation of erythema and eschar or oedema following exposure up to four hours.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural oil from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

May have reversible effects on the eyes, such as eye irritation which is totally reversible by the end of observation at 21 days.

Splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage

Respiratory tract irritation may occur, together with symptoms such as coughing, choking and breathing difficulties.

Narcotic effects may occur, such as drowsiness, narcosis, decreased alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of coordination or dizziness.

Effects may also occur in the form of violent headaches or nausea, judgement disorder, giddiness, irritability, fatigue or memory disturbance. Suspected human carcinogen.

11.1.1. Substances

Acute toxicity:

DICHLOROMETHANE (CAS: 75-09-2)

Oral route: LD50 > 2000 mg/kg

Species: Rat

 $Dermal \ route : \\ LD50 > 2000 \ mg/kg$

Species: Rat

Germ cell mutagenicity:

DICHLOROMETHANE (CAS: 75-09-2)

No mutagenic effect.

Version: N°1 (10/02/2024) CONDOR FOTO SAS

COBWEB EFFECT Item 01605

Carcinogenicity:

DICHLOROMETHANE (CAS: 75-09-2)

Carcinogenicity Test: Positive.

Suspected human carcinogen.

Date: 10/02/2024 Page 9/11

Revision: N°1 (10/02/2024

Reproductive toxicant:

DICHLOROMETHANE (CAS: 75-09-2) No toxic effect for reproduction

11.1.2. Mixture

No toxicological data available for the mixture.

Monograph(s) from the IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer):

CAS 75-09-2: IARC Group 2A: The agent is probably carcinogenic to humans.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

12.1.1. Substances

DICHLOROMETHANE (CAS: 75-09-2)

Fish toxicity: LC50 = 193 mg/l

Species : Pimephales promelas Duration of exposure : 96 h

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 = 480 mg/l

Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h

Algae toxicity: ECr50 > 662 mg/l

Species : Selenastrum capricornutum Duration of exposure : 96 h

12.1.2. Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

 $But an e/Propane: Expected \ to \ be \ readily \ biodegradable.$

12.2.1. Substances

DICHLOROMETHANE (CAS: 75-09-2)

Biodegradability : no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading

quickly.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Butane/Isobutane/Propane: Not expected to be dangerous for the aquatic environment.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Butane/Isobutane/Propane: If released into the environment, the product will rapidly disperse into the atmosphere where it will undergo photochemical degradation.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

Version : N°1 (10/02/2024) CONDOR FOTO SAS

COBWEB EFFECT Item 01605

Waste:

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Date: 10/02/2024 Page 10/11

Revision: N°1 (10/02/2024

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, preferably via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

Soiled packaging:

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2015 - IMDG 2014 - ICAO/IATA 2015).

14.1. UN number

1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

UN1950=AEROSOLS, flammable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

- Classification:

2.1

ADR/RID Label: Limited Quantity: 2.1 is not applicable.

14.4. Packing group

_

14.5. Environmental hazards

-

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR/RID	Class	Code	Pack gr.	Label	Ident.	LQ	Provis.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel
	2	5F	-	2.1	-	1 L	190 327 344 625	E0	2	D

IMDG	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.	EQ
	2.1	See SP63	-	SP277	F-D,S-U	63 190 277 327	E0
						344 959	

IATA	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	Passager	Passager	Cargo	Cargo	note	EQ
	2.1	-	-	203	75 kg	203	150 kg	A145	E0
								A167	
								A802	
	2.1	-	-	Y203	30 kg G	-	-	A145	E0
								A167	
								A802	

For limited quantities, see part 2.7 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.4 of the ADR and IMDG.

For excepted quantities, see part 2.6 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.5 of the ADR and IMDG.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

No data available.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

- Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- Directive 75/734/CEE modified by directive 2013/10/UE
- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 487/2013.
- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 758/2013.

Version : N°1 (10/02/2024) CONDOR FOTO SAS

COBWEB EFFECT Item 01605

Date: 10/02/2024 Page 11/11

Revision: N°1 (10/02/2024

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 944/2013.
- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 605/2014.
- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 1297/2014.

- Container information:

No data available.

- Particular provisions :

No data available.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3:

H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.

Abbreviations:

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration CMR: Carcinogenic, mutagenic or reprotoxic.

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID: Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

 $WGK: Wasserge fahrdungsklasse \ (Water\ Hazard\ Class).$

GHS02: Flame

GHS07 : Exclamation mark GHS08 : Health hazard

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic. vPvB: Very persistent, very bioaccumulable. SVHC: Substances of very high concern.